



Presentation by
Stephane Ribas

Doing business on
Open Source is **not**
selling a code that
we did not pay but
earn his **life**
around a code that
is not sold.

PREAMBULE

This presentation aim to answer 3 questions that were asked on our Dplug discord channel :

- **What are the economical state/figures about FLOSS in US & EU ?**
- **What are basic/main Business models in FLOSS ?**
- **Can you give us some hints about FLOSS community ?**
 - **How they emerge ?**
 - **Any framework to animate a FLOSS project with its community ?**

I tried to answered those questions in 25 minutes :-)

If you want to talk about a more specific topis about FLOSS, don't hesitate to ask question on our discord channel...



What is Free/Open Source software ?

- OSS can be defined as computer software for which the human-readable source code is made available under a copyright license (or arrangement such as the public domain).
- This allows users to use, change, and improve the software, and to redistribute it in modified or unmodified form.

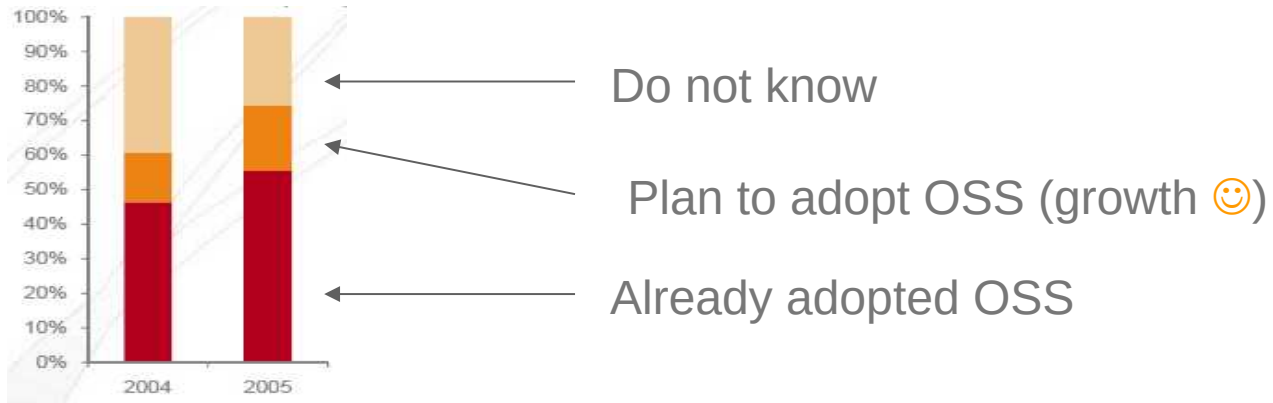
Once upon a time ...

- **1969** – First message exchanged between 2 computers through ARPANET network
- **1970 to 1980** – Email, FTP, Permissive code distributed in universities...
- **1983** – Richard Stallman creates the **Free Software Foundation**
- **1984** - Richard Stallman publish several tools to develop the futur GNU Linux system -> **licence libre (GPL)**
- **1985** - **Lancement du système GNU**
- **1991** - **1^{ère} version of Linux by Linus Torvalds**
- **1995** - **RedHat SuSe, Mandrake...**
- **1998** – Eric Raymond & Bruce Perens propose a new definition : **Open Source**
- **2000** – **Adoption (Linux) by IBM, Oracle, SAP...**



OSS Adoption

Panel of 400 businesses in Europe & US



Source: Forrester, Fabernovel 2007

Why shall we use Open Source Software ?

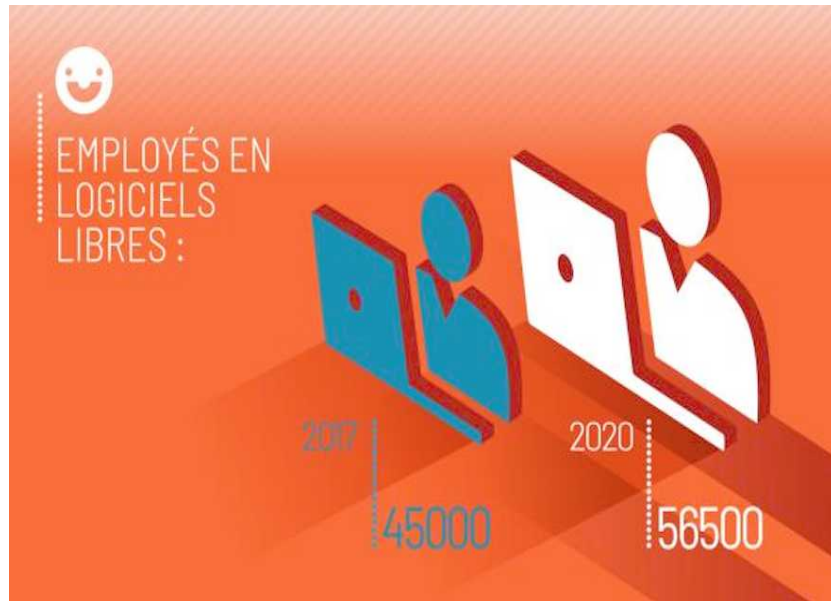
Survey 2020

- 82% : mutualisation /cost reduction (code dev.) ;
- 72 % : Innovation leverage !
- 70% : Strategic booster.



Important innovation leverage tool for 72 % of companies using
(not producing) open source.

Open Source & jobs in France ?



Free/Open Source adoption In Europe (2020)

Free Software / Open Source ... some figures...

- Rate of Growth ? 8,1 % between 2017 - 2020,
- French Open Source Market : 4,46 Mds d'euros in 2017 and should be 5,650 Mds d'euros in 2020, (source : PAC).

France, is the european leader for Open Source :-)

- France represent 23 % of the EU market behind England & Germany.



HAM RADIO GEEK



- Web**
- Apache
 - JBoss
 - PHP
 - Ruby on Rails
 - Joomla/Drupal/SPIP
 - DRUPAL

responsabilité
distribuer
mettre à
disposition
+
100

- Programme**
- outils gestion conf
 - Compilateur
gcc, g++, gnat
 - IDE
Eclipse
 - Framework de DEV
- Symfony
- Django
- Zend
 - Gestion de bugs/évolution
- Bugzilla
- Redmine
- Trac
- Mantis

- Supervision**
- Nagios
 - Zabbix
 - Cacti
 - Zabbix
 - OSSIM

- Mail**
- nyls
 - postgrey

- Proxy**
- Squid
 - SquidGuard

- Gestion de
PARC info
- GLPI
 - GRS-m
 - OGS

- Comparateurs**
- GRS
 - OTRS
 - Request Tracker
 - FlySpray

- Logiciel Maître**
- ProLoger (Avocats)
 - Logiciel Maître (Economie)
 - Prestashop

- E-commerce**
- Magento
 - Oz Commerce
 - Prestashop
 - pidgin
 - Spicabird*
 - Open-X-Change
 - Open Fire
 - Mailman
 - Sympa

- Securite**
- OpenVAS
 - Metasploit
 - NFW
 - GnuPG
 - Prelude
 - Asterisk
 - FreeSwitch

- nmap
- Smart
- nkt
- ethereal
- ethtool

- Communication**
- Asterisk
 - FreeSwitch

- Messagerie**
- EgroupWare
 - Wobcalendar
 - Zimbra
 - Serendipity
 - Partix

- Backup**
- Bacula
 - Mando
 - et cetera

- Open Time**
- GRR
 - Graphique
 - GRR, Glance
 - Skyscraper

- Enseignement**
- Moodle

- GED**
- Alfresco
 - SAMBA

- Poste Client**
- OpenOffice.org
 - Thunderbird*
 - Firefox*
 - PDF Creator
 - FileZilla
 - VLC

- Lightning
- Scribus
- ClamAV

- Xming
- SQL Ledger
- Tokobara
- Sugar CRM
- Open Agile
- Open S.I
- Larix
- Neogis
- Gisz

- ERP**
- Comptoro
 - ERPS (nexted)
 - Open ERP
 - Pamplencusse
 - open bravo
 - eXo Platform
 - Nuxeo
 - Decisional

- Island
- Pentaho
- Jasper
- Weka

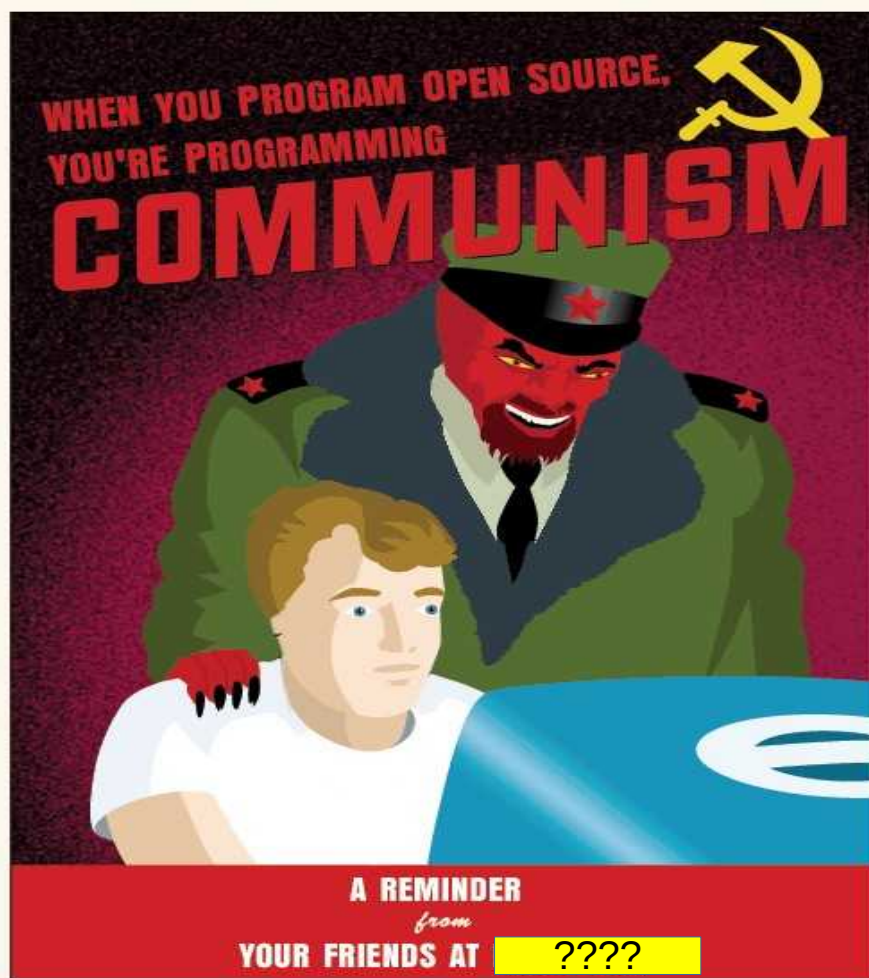
Makete

Main FLOSS Business Models

An OSS BM typology:

- **Services**
- **Value Added distribution**
- **Double Licensing**
- **Mutualisation**

Source: Fabernovel 2007



Some words about FLOSS community & their organisation

Community organization

- Non-profit organization
- Sponsors
- Commercial enterprises
- The Onion model of communities
- Communities around OSS projects
 - Volunteer-based
 - Ideology, freedom, sharing
 - Company-based
 - Business, funded developers
 - Mixed
- Different types of communities
 - Linux: Project centric
 - MySQL: Business centric
 - Eclipse: Foundation centric



How may emerge a FLOSS Community ?

Community.init()

- Answer a problem widely shared,
- Open everything,
- Positive network.



```
Community.start()  
begin loop
```

Analyse the environment

Build a strategy & goals

Build a digital habitat

Develop codes & initiatives

Promote the project

Animate the community

Increase membership

Monitor

```
end loop
```



Focus on digital habitat

digital_habitat.init()

3 spaces...

- Website portal
- Collaboration space(s)
- Communication space(s)

Exemple of implementation :

architecture digital_habitat(organisation needs)

case project-identity & code-dissemination

Web portal

case project-collaboration

Code repository

Issue Tracker

case project-interaction

Mailing-lists

end case



FLOSS website content ?

```
function build_web(url)
```

Good project name

Clear mission statement

State “project is Open Source”

Development status

License used

How to install and use

Where to download

How to contribute

Mailing list

```
end build_web
```





LEGO GEEK

Thanks !



BIBLIOGRAPHY

CHESBOROUGH H. W. (2003), *Open Innovation*, Harvard Business School Publishing, Boston

COTTEREAU A. (1997), "The fate of collective manufactures in the industrial world: the silk industries of Lyons and London, 1800-1850", in Sabel and Zeitlin (eds.) *Flexibility and Mass Production in Westerns Industrialization*, Cambridge University Press

FORAY D. & al. (2007), *New frontier in the Economics of Innovation and New Technologies*, Edward Elgar Publishing Inc, Northampton

HILAIRE-PEREZ L. (2000), *L'invention technique au siècle des lumières*, Albin Michel Paris

MAZZONE J. (2011), *Copyfraud and other abuses of intellectual Property Law*, Stanford Law Books, Stanford

RAUSTIALA K. & SPRINGMAN C. (2012), *The knockoff economy, how imitation sparks innovation*, Oxford University Press, New York

Stéphane Ribas (dir.), Patrick Guillaud, Stéphane Ubeda , *Logiciels et objets libres. Animer une communauté autour d'un projet libre*, Framabook, ISBN : 979-10-92674-12-5, <https://archives.framabook.org/logiciels-et-objets-libres/index.html>

Camille Paloque-Berges et Christophe Masutti, *Histoires et cultures du Libre. Des logiciels partagés aux licences échangées*, Framabook, ISBN : 978-2-9539187-9-3, <https://archives.framabook.org/histoiresetculturesdulibre/index.html>